| Obscure Things | (Most Need | Large Aperture |
|----------------|------------|----------------|
|----------------|------------|----------------|

| NAME | |
|-------|------|
| SCOPE | |

| Object | Const | RA | DEC | Mag | size | CS | Notes | Date | Time | S/T | Description |
|---------------|-------|------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|------|---|------|------|-----|-------------|
| Abell 2151 | HER | 00 16 05.1 | +17 43 | | 137" | | 20 galaxies 14 to 15 mag | | | | |
| NGC 595 | TRI | 01 33.5 | +30 42 | | 1' | | A Great Diffuse Nebula in M33 | | | | |
| NGC 604 | TRI | 01 34.5 | +30 48 | | 1' | | Giant diffuse nebula and star forming region in M33 | | | | |
| Maffei I | CAS | 02 36.3 | +59 39 | 11.4 | 3.4xl.7 | | * Maffei Galaxy Cluster see note below | | | | |
| Maffei 2 | CAS | 02 41.9 | +59 36 | 16.0 | 5.8xl.6 | | * Maffei Galaxy Cluster | | | | |
| Dwingeloo I | CAS | 02 56.9 | +58 55 | 8.3 | 4.2x.34 | | * Maffei Galaxy Cluster | | | | |
| Pal 1 | СЕР | 03 33 23.0 | +79 34 50 | 13.27 (Central) | 1' | | Globular Cluster | | | | |
| IC 342 | CAM | 03 46 48.0 | +68 06 | 9.1 | 21.4x20.9 | | * Maffei Galaxy Cluster A Caldwell Object | | | | |
| NGC2655 | CAM | 08 55 38.7 | +78 13 07 | 10.1 | 4.9x4.1 | | | | | | |
| Arp 2 | SAG | 12 28 44.1 | -30 21 14 | 15.32 (Central) | 25' | | Globular Cluster | | | | |
| Terzan 7 | SAG | 19 17 43.7 | -34 39 27 | 11.76 (Central) | 15' | | Globular Cluster | | | | |
| PK64+5.1 | CYG | 19 34 45.6 | +30 30 36 | 9.6 P | 7.51" | 12.5 | Campbell's hydrogen star | | | | |
| PK80-6.1 | CYG | 21 02 18.6 | +36 41 35 | 13.5 P | 16.0" | | The Egg Nebula | | | | |
| Pal 12 | CAP | 21 46 38.8 | -21 15 03 | 11.7 (Central) | 3.5' | | Globular Cluster | | | | |
| NGC 7317-7320 | PEG | 22 36 00.0 | +33 58 | | | | Stephen's Quintet | | | | |

^{*} The Maffei 1 galaxy cluster probably once formed a sub group of our Local Group which were ejected because of a violent encounter with M#!. They have since moved away to a distance of about 10 million light years. As the Maffei 1 group lies very close to the Galactic plane, it is highly obscured by the dark dusty matter of our Milky Way. Only one of them, IC 342, has an IC number and none is in the NGC.

This could test your observing skills tothe utmost. You may use any method at your disposal to locate these objects. Certificates will be given stating the number of objects observed. The person(s) with the most observed will be entered in the observing award contest.